DIGITAL EDUCATION USING FREE AND OPEN SOURCE TOOLS TO ENHANCE COLLABORATIVE LEARNING

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Abstract

The use of Open source tools has been increasing over the years in various fields including the teaching and learning field. It is a better way of utilizing tools with a lower cost than the market tools that are available as well as the same tool can be customized to fit an institute (or a specialization). By integrating the collaborative methods and techniques with the open source tools that were customized, the students and teachers would be able to achieve collaborative teaching and learning more effectively as well as the teacher would have a better way of delivering the learning outcomes by the help of the tools. Moreover, the tools would assist in clearing the distractions that the students may have during the class by giving them tasks through tools and keep them engaged and away from what can distract the students during a lecture. Furthermore, open source tools can provide a rather fun and unique experience for the students to interact with each other as well as with the teacher to meet the objectives of the modules as well as build a sense of teamwork between the students which can help the student not only achieve the learning outcomes but also assist in their careers after they finish with their studies.

The open source tools will be divided into categories through which the teachers would be able to choose from depending on the learning outcomes of their lessons. A framework is suggested by the authors to use the open source tools in the most effective way.

Keywords: FOSS Tools in Education, Education Technology, E-learning, Collaborative Learning environment, Innovation in Teaching and Learning

1 INTRODUCTION

The technology has taken the education system to a new horizon and everyday with the advancement of latest e-learning tools, challenges are increasing in order to devise an effective mechanism. Several researches has been conducted in this field and results had shown a very drastic change just in last two decades. Different teaching and learning environment has different needs related to transformation of knowledge from faculty to the students. These days every teacher or faculty, especially in higher education sector, is digitally literate and able to use technology classroom teaching, apart from various types of assessments. But when it comes to some specific type of learning environment, such as collaborative

learning environment, which involves more than one students working in group, the challenges increases.

There are several tools to assist such kind of teaching and learning environment. This research paper highlights the need of a new framework, since existing systems needs update with the period of time and with change in the syllabus, as technology advances.

2 RELATED WORK

Education to an extent is a creative act, an artistic enterprise to transferring the knowledge to students. It's a role of a teacher to disseminate knowledge through best methods in the classroom. Responsibility of teacher is to identify the needs of the student's and their problems faced in acquiring the knowledge. Simulators are used to teach computer hardware for the better understanding of the students, this gives the inside working of the hardware so students can visualize the actual working (Hasan & Mahmood, 2012) (Siddiqui, Hasan, Mahmood, & Khan, 2012) (Kazmi, Hayat, Hasan, & Dattana, 2017). By using blended learning used to increase the student learning experience where both practical and theoretical concept has to be infused (Hasan, Ali, & Hayat, 2015). To improve discovery learning procedure to visualize and explore example in short span of time. Integrating technology and multimedia tools are used to enhance student's experience of learning such as GeoGebra for mathematical and statistical analysis (GebreYohannes, Bhatti, & Hasan, 2016) (Bhatti, Hasan, Farsi, & Kazmi, 2017). Few attempted activity based learning to enhance student engagement and learning experience where the teacher observed the impact of teaching and learning impacts (Hayat, Hasan, Ali, & Kaleem, 2017). Learning environment is created to foster best learning practices and engaging students to fullest (Bhatia & Naidu, 2017) (Naidu, Singh, Hasan, & Hadrami, 2017). Interactivity tools are implemented to increase the understanding of fundamental concepts (Raweehi, Ansari, Udupi, & Naidu, 2017) (Farsi, Udupi, & Naidu, 2017). Open source tool plays a vital role in education where teachers can swiftly adopt and enhance the teaching and learning process (Naidu, Balushi, & Bhatia, 2017) either through game or technology assisted learning (Naidu, Singh, Harrasi, & Balushi, 2017).

It is evident from the literature review, technology and tools are important to transfer the knowledge. It is also important that whatever the learning style is adopted not only the teacher involvement with students are necessary for disseminate the knowledge but also among the peers as a collaborative learning environment for an enhanced learning experience. From the related study it is being found that there is a need to bridge the appropriate tools and the selection method of learning styles. This can help in longer run as it will incorporate in all types of learning levels.

3 ANALYSIS FOR THE PROPOSED SYSTEM

There are many tools available at present and if we re-shape their usage by ordering them properly we can device a very effective framework. Although the success of this framework could be measured only after getting the results of cohort, for which it is going to be deployed. Also the effectiveness could also be seen by means of collecting feedback from the end users such as teachers and the students.

Before planning the design of proposed system, a survey was conducted among 30 students from Middle East College, on of the well-known private higher education institution in Oman, as well as 20 students from other colleges across the country to assess the use of e-learning tools as well as if collaborative teaching and learning methods are being implemented in educational institutes.

Question 1 (analyzed by Fig. 3.1): Have you ever been a part of a collaborative learning session?

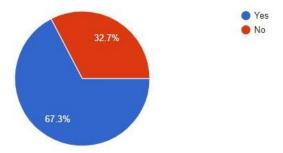


Fig 3.1: Analysis Question 1

Question 2 (analyzed by Fig. 3.2): Do you think shifting the classroom to an e-learning environment will make the students achieve targets better?

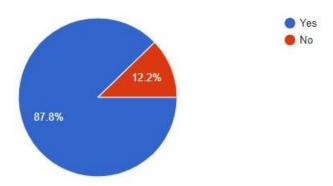


Fig 3.2: Analysis Question 2

The aim of this question was to check whether the students may accept shifting the class from the standard paper handouts and board explanation to an e-learning environment with the usage of open source tools and virtual boards. On this question, 49 out of the 50 respondents responded as well. 43 out of 49 answered Yes while 6 answered No. which means that most of the students do accept the change and believe that they would achieve better if the e-learning environment was applied to their classrooms.

Question 3 (analyzed by Fig. 3.3): Working in groups and collaborating with other students enhances the outcome of students.

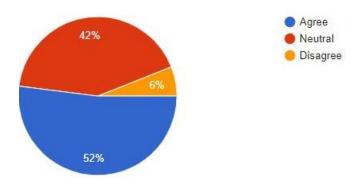


Fig 3.3: Analysis Question 3

This question was asked to the students to ensure that working in groups or collaborating with other students enhances their own outcome. 50 out of 50 respondents answered this question in which 26 responded with Agree, 21 responded with Neutral and 3 responded with Disagree. The responses varied mostly between Agree and Neutral which means that half of the students do agree with the statement and think that working in collaborative learning environment is infact increasing their outcomes, while the other 42% are neutral which means it doesn't affect their outcomes, and finally 3 respondents disagree with the statement which means that they might have had a bad experience with a group or do not prefer to be in a group while in class.

Question 4 (analyzed by Fig. 3.4): What are the e-learning tools that are used in your institute?

This question addresses the e-learning tools that are currently being used in the education institutes of the respondents. 50 out of 50 answered this question. 37 of the respondents chose Moodle while 7 chose Google classroom and Task Board, 3 chose Peergrade, 1 chose Litmos LMS and BlackBoard, 3 respondents added Kahoot as an answer.

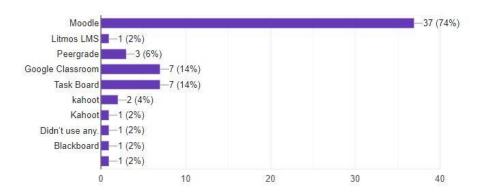


Fig 3.4: Analysis Question 4

The answers show that various e-learning tools are being used in educational institutes for various purposes, which also means that the students are comfortable with using various e-learning tools in their studies, and confirms that students do accept the use of e-learning tools in their classes.

Question 5 (analyzed by Fig. 3.5): Changes in the methods of teaching and learning have a positive outcome on the students.

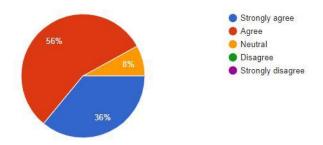


Fig 3.5: Analysis Question 5

The statement was addressed to the students to get their input on whether changing the methods of teaching in their current classes would affect their learning in a positive or a negative way. 50 out of 50 respondents answered this question, 28 answered Agree, 18 answered Strongly Agree, while the remaining 4 answered Neutral. Which shows that students do need changes in the current teaching and learning methods that are used in their classrooms. None of the respondents answered negatively which ensures that changing the teaching and learning methods that are used would have a positive impact on the students.

Question 6 (analyzed by Fig. 3.6): It is really important to look into the existing system of collaborative learning and update its Framework based on the current scenario of higher education.

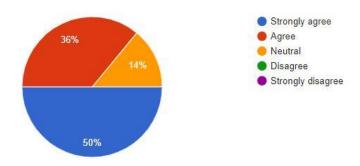


Fig 3.6: Analysis Question 6

The statement was given to the respondents to assess the requirement of changing the current collaborative learning framework used by their teachers in their classes, and if changing the framework to fit the current state of the field of higher education is necessary for them. 50 out of 50 respondents answered this question. 25 of the answered Strongly Agree, while 18 answered Agree and 7 answered Neutral. Majority of the students or the respondents agreed that the current collaborative learning framework that is being used in their educational institutes do not fit the current state or scenario of the higher education. With that being said, the current collaborative learning framework needs to be revised and changed to better fit the scenario of the higher education.

4 PROPOSED FRAMEWORK

The Framework proposed consists of five main phases, each phase comes with sub tasks that are required in order to complete a phase and move forward in the framework as shown in Fig. 4.1.

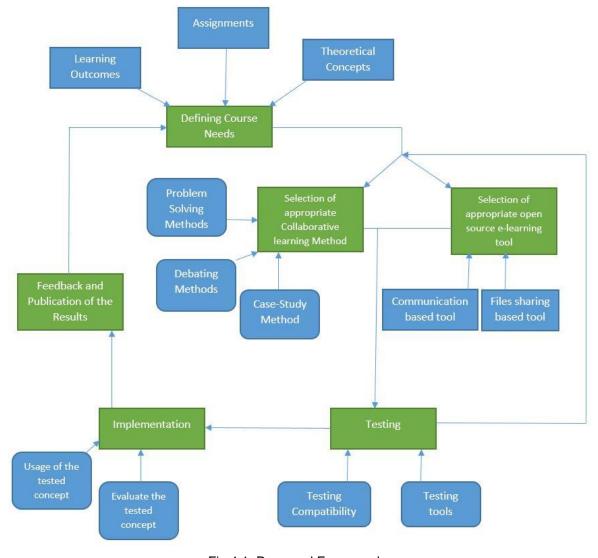


Fig 4.1: Proposed Framework

4.1 Defining Course Needs

The first phase consists of the teacher or lecturer defining what the course needs, and that takes action when the teacher or lecturer plans for the course. In this phase the teacher would have to check the learning outcomes, the assignments that would be given during the course as well as the theoretical concepts that will be taught within the course. That would give the teacher an idea on whether the course is compatible with the framework or not.

4.2 Selection of Appropriate Collaborative Learning Method

After defining the course needs comes the selection of collaborative learning method because there are different methods that can be used in various situations from problem solving methods, to debating or discussion methods or case-study methods.

4.3 Selection of Appropriate Open Source E-Learning Tool

Selection of the tool is a critical phase because there are many open source e-learning tools. The tools are divided into two main categories which are the communication based tools that focus more on the communication between the students such as sharing ideas or discussions. And File sharing based tools that would work best with the case-study methods because it allows the students to share their work with their groups.

The e-tools are categories broadly into three: Freeware, Freemium and Free and Open Source. The freeware tools are completely free to use but cannot be customized. Some examples are NCH Video Pad Video Editor, a tool that can be used to edit video, Screen Recorder, etc. Freemium tools are those, which has limited features to use for free but in order to make full use of them, we need to buy the licence. Some online tools such as GoAnimatePro, using which we can create 2D animated demos for free is an example. On the other hand, there are many free and open source tools which can be downloaded for complete customization for educational need. Moodle (Learning Management System) is one of the best example. Apart from these H5P is another emerging free and open source online tool, by using which we can create many class activities, that is appropriate for the particular subject / topic.

4.4 Testing

In this phase, the selected tool and collaborative learning method are tested in order to check their compatibility with each other as well as with the course needs. Moreover, the tool selected is tested, learned and prepared for the classroom in order for the teacher to start using the tool once the course or class starts.

4.5 Implementation

The selected collaborative learning method and the selected open source e-learning tool are taken to the classroom on this phase. After the teacher applies the tested concept with the students, the teacher evaluates the tested concept based on how the students performed by using the concept, whether the learning outcomes are met, and if the combination used was accepted by the students.

4.6 Feedback and Publication of the Results

After the Implementation phase is done, the evaluation done by the teacher is taken, feedback is applied to it and the results are published so that other teachers can use the same combination of methods and tools in order to achieve the learning outcomes that were evaluated by the previous teacher. Hence, this phase goes back to defining course needs.

5 RECOMMENDATIONS AND CONCLUSION

The proposed framework provides a clear insight of collaborative learning environment coupled with free and open source tools. It can be easily customized since the tools are free and open source, when different necessity arises. There are many teachers with non-IT background for whom it becomes difficult to adapt such technologies and learn new tools. For them easy-to customize tools such as H5P could be very beneficial.

To meet the future demands of education paradigm shifting to Education 4.0 where innovative producing education is provided. To achieve this different new tools and technologies aid to assist not only to educators but to the faculties' as well. These technologies can be from capturing student's participation and engagement within the module not only inside the campus but outside the campus as well with the help of IoT and ontology (Mahmood et al., 2019) (Sarker et al., 2019). Virtual Learning Environment can also be used in conjunction to the different blended learning environment's to cater different types of students (Hasan et al., 2019). Cloud based education can enrich the learning activities outside the campus, multimedia and social media can also be used as a collaborative tools (Hasan et al., 2019) (Bhat, Naidu & Singh, 2018) (Naidu, Bhat & Singh, 2019) (Ali & Naidu, 2019). These can only be achieved by applying the Human Computer Interaction for better e-learning solution designs (Al Mahdi, Rao Naidu & Kurian, 2019). In collaborative environment, students can be involved to make modifications in the existing models of teaching and learning and thus we can get inputs from every stakeholder in order to enhance teaching and learning experience.

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